

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA  
NORTHERN DIVISION**

<b>TERA A. McMILLAN</b>	)	
<b>Plaintiff</b>	)	
	)	
<b>v.</b>	)	<b>Civil Action No: 2:07-cv-001-WKW</b>
	)	
<b>ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF</b>	)	<b>(JURY DEMAND)</b>
<b>YOUTH SERVICES, et al.,</b>	)	
<b>Defendants</b>	)	

**PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT**

COMES NOW THE PLAINTIFF, by and through undersigned counsel, and submits her Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on the issue of liability for her claims against the defendant Michael J. Hardy. The plaintiff shows by reference to the undisputed facts below and the relevant law that she is entitled to judgment as a matter of law pursuant to Rule 54(b) of the *Federal Rules of Civil Procedure*.

**INTRODUCTION**

Tera McMillan is employed by the Alabama Department of Youth Services (DYS) at its Mount Meigs facility. During the course of this employment she was subjected to sexual harassment and discrimination by her supervisor, Michael J. Hardy. When she reported this harassment, Mr. Hardy retaliated against her by making false reports of misconduct against her. These complaints were investigated and substantiated by DYS, and Mr. Hardy was terminated from his employment in January 2006. Mr. Hardy timely appealed his termination to the Alabama State Personnel Board which upheld, after hearing testimony and receiving evidence from Hardy and DYS, the fact-finding by DYS that he was guilty of sexual harassment and of violating DYS policy in

his attempts to retaliate against McMillan after she made her complaint of sexual harassment against him.

**STATEMENT OF UNDISPUTED FACTS**

1) Tera McMillan began employment as a Youth Services Aide with the Alabama Department of Youth Services on October 21, 2002. (Ex. 1: Wood appointment letter dated October 22, 2002)

2) Michael J. Hardy was McMillan's supervisor and exploited his position for more than two years to subject her to a variety of unwelcome and offensive acts of sexual harassment and discrimination. Among these acts, Hardy, on one occasion, grasped McMillan's breasts while she was sitting at a desk performing her duties as a Youth Services Aide. He also made inappropriate inquiries into her sexual preferences and availability; asked her to meet him at a motel; asked her to be his "side woman"; requested that she perform oral sex on him; and, asked her to view pornographic internet sites. (Ex. 2: Notes of Investigative Findings by Debra Spann dated June 14, 2005; Ex. 3: Memorandum from Debra Spann, DYS Personnel Manager, to J. Walter Wood Jr., DYS Executive Director, dated July 19, 2005; and, Ex. 4: Excerpt from Statement of Phyllis Rankins to Alan Staton, Special Investigator, March 10, 2006, p. 03:06-11)

3) McMillan informed DYS specialist Phyllis Rankins of this harassment on or about the date of June 14, 2005 and sought a transfer to another unit in order to get away from Hardy. Ms. Rankins referred McMillan to the Personnel Manager, Debra Spann. (Ex. 4: Excerpt from Statement of Phyllis Rankins to Alan Staton, Special Investigator, p. 03:11-14; Ex. 5: ALJ Order August 1, 2007, p. 4).

4) Hardy violated DYS policies and procedures to make false allegations of misconduct against McMillan in retaliation for her complaints against him. (Ex. 6: Letter from J. Walter Wood to Michael Hardy dated November 4, 2005, ¶ 2)

5) Following an initial investigation of her complaints by the DYS personnel office, McMillan was transferred to the DYS Intensive Treatment Unit (ITU) on or about the date of June 25, 2005. (Ex.7: DYS Time & Attendance Report dated 6/25/05)

6) DYS personnel manager Debra Spann investigated McMillan's charges of sex harassment and retaliation; found them to be valid; and recommended the termination of Hardy's employment. (Ex. 3: Memorandum from Debra Spann, DYS Personnel Manager to J. Walter Wood Jr. DYS Executive Director, July 19, 2005; Ex. 8: Memorandum from Tim Davis, Deputy Director to J. Walter Wood, Executive Director, November 3, 2005). DYS also found that Hardy had violated policy in attempting to retaliate against McMillan after her complaint was lodged.

7) An administrative fact-finding hearing was held by Marcia Calendar, DYS Assistant Director, on November 15, 2005 during which Hardy was represented by counsel and had the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on his own behalf. As a result of evidence presented at the hearing, the Executive Director of DYS determined that Hardy had violated Rules of the State Personnel Board governing "disruptive conduct, use of abusive or threatening language, serious violation of any other department rule" and "DYS Policy...Prohibition of Sexual Harassment." Mr. Wood terminated Hardy's employment effective January 6, 2006 (Ex. 9: Letter from J. Walter Wood Jr. to Michael Hardy, January 6, 2006, ¶¶ 2, 3).

8) Hardy appealed his dismissal, in accordance with the Alabama State Personnel merit system rules<sup>1</sup>, to the State Personnel Board on or about January 12, 2006. (Ex. 5: ALJ Order, p. 6 ¶ 3) Hardy's appeal was assigned to an administrative law judge (ALJ) who conducted a hearing on May 8 and June 10, 2006 during which Hardy was represented by counsel and allowed to present evidence and witnesses on his behalf, and to question evidence and witnesses presented against him. (Ex. 5: ALJ Order, pp. 1, 2)

9) The administrative law judge upheld Hardy's termination and although she did not enter any Findings of Fact, she did conclude that Hardy "...violated the DYS sexual harassment policy<sup>2</sup>." (Ex. 5: ALJ Order, p. 29 ¶ 1) and that Hardy had inappropriately instigated a complaint against McMillan after she filed her complaint against him (Ex. 5: ALJ Order, p. 30, ¶ 3 – p. 31, ¶ 1) Hardy did not appeal this decision.

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<sup>1</sup> 670-X-18-.02 Dismissals.

(1) An appointing authority may dismiss a classified employee whenever he considers the good of the service will be served thereby, for reasons which shall be stated in writing, served on the affected employee and a copy furnished to the Director, which action shall become a public record.

(2) The dismissed employee may, within 10 days after receipt of written notice, appeal from the action of the appointing authority by filing with the Board and the appointing authority a written answer to the charges. The Board shall, if demand is made in writing by the dismissed employee within 10 days after receipt of written notice of discharge, order a public hearing and, if the charges are proved unwarranted, order the reinstatement of the employee under such conditions as the Board may determine. Upon a majority vote of the Board, the Board may impose a punishment other than termination including but not limited to a reinstatement with forfeiture of back wages and benefits between the date of termination and the date of the Board's order reinstating the employee, or a suspension up to and including 30 days. (For hearing procedure, see Rule 670-X-5-.08.) *Alabama Administrative Code*.

<sup>2</sup> The ALJ stated in dicta that she did not believe McMillan was the victim of sex harassment even though she found that Hardy was guilty of violating the sex harassment policy. This is very odd statement since the only evidence of sexual harassment against Hardy was that presented which involved his conduct with McMillan.

## **ARGUMENT AND CITATIONS OF AUTHORITY**

### **I. THE SUMMARY JUDGMENT STANDARD.**

Summary judgment is appropriate "if the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." *Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(c)*. "An issue of fact is 'genuine' if the record as a whole could lead a reasonable trier of fact to find for the nonmoving party. An issue is 'material' if it might affect the outcome of the case under the governing law." *Redwing Carriers, Inc. v. Saraland Apartments*, 94 F.3d 1489, 1496 (11th Cir. 1996) (quoting *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 248 (1986)).

Under Rule 56, the party seeking summary judgment must first inform the court of the basis for the motion, and the burden then shifts to the non-moving party to demonstrate why summary judgment would not be proper. *Celotex Corp. v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 323, 106 S.Ct. 2548, 2553, 91 L.Ed.2d 265 (1986); *Fitzpatrick v. City of Atlanta*, 2 F.3d 1112, 1115-17 (11th Cir.1993) (*discussing burden-shifting under Rule 56*). The non-moving party must affirmatively set forth specific facts showing a genuine issue for trial and may not rest upon the mere allegations or denials in the pleadings. *Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(e)*. The court's role at the summary-judgment stage is not to weigh the evidence or to determine the truth of the matter, but rather to determine only whether a genuine issue exists for trial. *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 249, 106 S.Ct. 2505, 2511, 91 L.Ed.2d 202 (1986). In doing so, the court must view the evidence in the light most favorable to the non-moving party and draw all reasonable inferences in favor of that party. *Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 587,

106 S.Ct. 1348, 1356, 89 L.Ed.2d 538 (1986). After the nonmoving party has responded to the motion for summary judgment, the court must grant summary judgment if there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. See, *Rule 56(c) Federal Rules of Civil Procedure*.

## II. MCMILLAN IS ENTITLED TO JUDGMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW ON HER SECTION 1983 CLAIMS AGAINST HARDY UNDER THE DOCTRINE OF COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL.

McMillan brings claims against Hardy in his individual capacity for his violations, while acting under the color of state law, of her Equal Protection and Title VII rights to be free of sex discrimination/harassment and retaliation. (Complaint, ¶¶ 15-19) *Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983* provides every person with the right to sue those acting under color of state law for violations of federal constitutional and statutory provisions.<sup>3</sup>

As shown in the undisputed statement of facts above, McMillan made these identical claims against Hardy to their employer (DYS) and DYS determined that Hardy had, in fact, sexually harassed her and retaliated against her after she filed her complaint against him. (SOF ## 2 – 4; 6 - 7) Hardy exercised his right to seek review of these finding in accordance with state law and the findings that he was guilty of sexual harassment and retaliatory actions were affirmed. (SOF # 9) The U. S. Supreme Court has found that a party may invoke collateral *estoppel* to prevent relitigation of issues that have previously been decided in an appropriate administrative procedure. *University of Tennessee v. Elliott*, 478 U.S. 788, 106 S.Ct. 3220 (1986); *McDonald v. City of West Branch*, 466 U.S. 284, 104 S.Ct. 1799 (1984).

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<sup>3</sup> Section 1983 is merely a vehicle by which to bring these suits; it does not create any substantive federal rights. *Whiting v. T aylor*, 85 F.3d 581, 583 (11th Cir.1996).

In order to properly invoke collateral *estoppel* or issue preclusion, McMillan must show three prerequisites: (A) the issue at stake must be identical to the one alleged in the prior proceeding; (B) the issue must have been actually litigated in the prior proceeding; and (C) the determination of the issue in the prior proceeding must have been a critical and necessary part of the judgment in that earlier action. In addition, the party against whom the earlier decision is asserted must have had a full and fair opportunity to litigate the issue in the earlier proceeding. *Nobles v. Rural Cmty. Ins. Servs.*, 303 F.Supp.2d 1292 (M.D.Ala.2004) (Thompson, J.), *aff'd*, 2004 WL 2155796, 116 Fed.Appx. 253 (11th Cir. 2004) (table) (cited in *Rawlinson v. Whitney Bank* (M.D. Ala. 2005)) McMillan shows below that each of these requirements are satisfied in this case.

(A) Identity of Issues. In order to prevail under Section 1983, McMillan must establish that Hardy violated her substantive rights while acting under the color of state law. It is well established that the Equal Protection Clause confers a federal constitutional right to be free from sex discrimination. *Pers. Adm'r of Mass. v. Feeney*, 442 U.S. 256, 273, 99 S.Ct. 2282 (1979). All of the acts of sexually discriminatory and harassing conduct that DYS found, and which the State Personnel Board affirmed, Hardy had perpetrated upon McMillan occurred while he was acting in his position as her supervisor.

McMillan's Section 1983 claim rests upon the matter of gender discrimination and retaliation by Hardy in violation of both Title VII and the Fourteenth Amendment. Although the Supreme Court "do[es] not regard as identical the constraints of Title VII and the Federal Constitution," *Johnson v. Transp. Agency, Santa Clara County, Ca.*, 480 U.S. 616, 632, 107 S.Ct. 1442, 1452 (1987), "[w]hen section 1983 is used as a parallel

remedy for violation. . . of Title VII, the elements of the two causes of action are the same." *Hardin v. Stynchcomb*, 691 F.2d 1364, 1369 n. 16 (11th Cir.1982) (citing *Whiting v. Jackson State Univ.*, 616 F.2d 116, 123 (5th Cir.1980)). Section 1983 states:

Every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia, subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the party injured.... 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1983 (1981).

Title VII provides, in relevant part:

(a) It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an employer—

(1) to fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any individual, or otherwise to discriminate against any individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.... 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000e-2 (1981).

The DYS fact-finding hearing determined that Hardy's repeated efforts to induce McMillan to engage in sex with him; his offensive grasping of her breasts; his unwarranted and unwelcome comments to her about his sexual abilities and prowess; his unwelcome efforts to engage her in viewing pornography; and, his retaliatory actions when she reported him were ample evidence of sex-based discrimination and retaliation. (Ex. 6: Wood letter dated November 4, 2005) It was these findings of fact on the issue of his sexual harassment and retaliation against McMillan that Hardy appealed to the State Personnel Board for review. (Ex. 9: Wood letter dated January 6, 2006). These findings of fact were reviewed in a full-fledged hearing conducted by the administrative law judge appointed by the State Personnel Board. (Ex. 5: ALJ Order) The ALJ found, after a review of the facts, that "...Hardy had more than a work-related relationship with McMillian (sic) and violated the DYS sexual harassment policy." (Ex. 5: ALJ Report p.



29, ¶ 1), and that Hardy's filing of grievance against McMillan subsequent to her complaint violated DYS rules and could be considered retaliatory. (Ex. 5: ALJ Report pp. 30, ¶1 31).

Unquestionably McMillan has established that Hardy violated her constitutional equal protection and federal statutory right to a workplace free of discrimination and harassment on account of her sex in the terms and conditions of her employment, and that these facts have been decided and reviewed in a competent forum in her favor.

(B) Litigation of the Issues. Alabama state law provides for the review of state agency decisions on the dismissal of employees at a hearing by the State Personnel Board. (*Code of Ala. 1975*, §§36-26-27, 36-26-29) The board may, in its discretion, delegate the authority to conduct a review hearing to its appointee. In this instance, the board delegated the hearing to an administrative law judge. (Ex. 5: ALJ Order p. 1, ¶1) The hearing provided a full opportunity for Hardy to present evidence and witnesses on his behalf and to seek to have the decisions of the DYS overturned that he had sexually harassed and retaliated against McMillan. Hardy presented 3 witnesses and 30 exhibits as evidence on these issues, but the ALJ upheld the findings of DYS in terminating him. (Ex. 5: ALJ Order p. 1, ¶ 2 – p. 2; pp. 29 - 30)

(C) Necessity of Determination of the Issues in the Prior Proceeding. Hardy was dismissed by DYS because he engaged in sexual harassment and retaliation against McMillan. DYS's determination of these issues was what he sought review of in his appeal to the State Personnel Board. The issues were thoroughly and fairly litigated by Hardy with full protection of his due process rights in the hearing<sup>4</sup>, and the

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<sup>4</sup> **670-X-5.08 Hearing Procedure.**

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(1) Conduct of Hearings. Hearings on employee appeals from dismissal and on charges brought against employees shall be open to the public and shall be informal. The employee, the appointing authority, and all others concerned shall be given reasonable notice of the time and place of hearing. The parties shall have the right to have subpoenas issued, present witnesses and give testimony. A hearing before a Hearing Officer is intended solely for the purpose of receiving evidence either to refute or to substantiate specific charges. It shall not be made on occasion for irresponsible accusations, attacks upon the character or conduct of the employer or employee or others, or other derogatory matters having no bearing on the charges under investigation. Any request by a party for a Board member or a Hearing Officer as designated by the Board to recuse themselves shall be made in writing with the Director not later than five work days prior to the date upon which the hearing is scheduled. The written request must cite reasons and the legal basis for the recusal. (See Rules 670-X-18.02 and 670-X-18-.03 for dismissal and suspension procedure.

(2) Witnesses. The Hearing Officer shall examine the list of proposed witnesses submitted by each of the parties and shall determine the justification for the calling of each witness. Any witness whose testimony is not material, is not relevant or is cumulative of other testimony shall not be required to testify. The Hearing Officer shall examine any objection filed by or on behalf of any witness claiming that the testimony of that witness is not material, is not relevant, is cumulative or if the witness claims a total lack of knowledge of the matter in question. The Hearing Officer shall make a determination of the relevancy, materiality, cumulative nature or lack of knowledge on the part of the witness prior to the commencement of the hearing. The determination to allow or disallow the testimony of a witness shall be based upon an offer of proof by the party offering the testimony of the witness.

(3) Pre-Hearing Conference. The Director shall designate a person to conduct a pre-hearing conference. The person so designated shall have the authority to require the parties to act in furtherance of the hearing process; to include but not limited to:

- (a) Setting of an appropriate schedule for the conduct of the hearing;
- (b) The crystallization of issues to be presented at the hearing;
- (c) The production of documents;
- (d) The attendance of witnesses;
- (e) The specification of issues and charges;
- (f) To issue a pre-hearing conference order which shall be binding on all the parties and shall be amended only upon a showing of good cause;
- (g) A Hearing Officer may review pre-hearing issues ruled upon at the pre-hearing conference;
- (h) Such other authority as may be necessary for the conduct of the hearing.

(4) Sanctions. Sanctions shall be defined as used in the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure. The Hearing Officer may recommend to the Board that sanctions be imposed against a party who has:

- (a) Failed to comply with the pre-hearing conference order;
- (b) Failed to appear;
- (c) Failed to prosecute his case;
- (d) Failed to comply with orders issued by the Hearing Officer;
- (e) Acted in bad faith.

(5) Testimony and Evidence. In taking testimony and in considering the evidence, the Hearing Officer shall follow accepted legal procedure insofar as is practicable, but shall not be bound by the technical rules of evidence observed in courts of law. The Hearing Officer may listen to hearsay testimony and may accept depositions and affidavits if such testimony is material and relevant to the issues. The Hearing Officer may also accept the results of lie-detector tests, if such results are material and relevant to the issues.

determinations of DYS were upheld. These are the very same issues before this Court in McMillan's Section 1983 complaint against Hardy, and he should be precluded from relitigating his liability for these acts taken against her.

McMillan's charge of sex harassment and discrimination against Hardy was investigated by DYS. DYS entered findings of fact which confirmed her charge, as well as a charge of retaliation against her, after a hearing in which Hardy was given an opportunity to have an attorney and to hear the evidence against him. Hardy appealed these findings of fact to the state personnel board, the agency charged under state law to review the facts invoked in the decision to dismiss him from his employment, where he had an attorney and the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses on the issues. The findings of fact that he was guilty of sexual harassment and retaliation were upheld as a result of the hearing. All of the requirements of collateral *estoppel* have been satisfied

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(6) Counsel or Representation. Parties to a hearing before a Hearing Officer may have representatives of their own choosing. In the event they do not choose such counsel or representatives, they may themselves request the issuance of subpoenas, examine and cross-examine witnesses, make statement, summarize testimony, and otherwise conduct their own hearing.

(7) Procedure. A hearing before a Hearing Officer shall be conducted in accordance with the following order:

(a) Reading of the dismissal action or other charges against the employee and of other pertinent information from the employee's record. The record shall be available to all parties for reference in connection with the hearing.

(b) Presentation of charges against the employee, including testimony of witnesses and other evidence. The employee or his counsel and the Hearing Officer may examine the witnesses.

(c) Presentation of the employee's answer to the charges, including testimony of his witnesses. The parties and the Hearing Officer may also examine these witnesses.

(d) Summation by the parties, if desired by them.

(8) Findings and Decisions. On the basis of testimony and evidence and oral arguments and briefs, if any, the Hearing Officer may recommend that the dismissal of an employee be sustained or may recommend his reinstatement with or without loss of pay. Where an employee is found guilty of charges brought against him by an officer, citizen, or taxpayer, and such charges warrant disciplinary action, the Board may order the dismissal of the employee or may order lesser penalties. **Statutory Authority:** Code of Ala. 1975, §§ 36-26-6, 36-26-7, 36-26-9, 36-26-27. ---  
-- *Alabama Administrative Code*.

on the issues of sex harassment and retaliation against Hardy, and McMillan is due to have summary judgment entered as to his liability on those issues.

**CONCLUSION**

The plaintiff has shown by reference to the facts and the application of the law to the facts that she is entitled to summary judgment on her Section 1983 claims against Defendant Michael J. Hardy, and that he is precluded as a matter of law from relitigating the issue of his liability for sexual harassment and retaliation against her.

Respectfully submitted this 26<sup>th</sup> day of November 2007.

/S/ JIMMY JACOBS

JIMMY JACOBS (JAC051)  
Attorney for Plaintiff  
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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using CM/ECF system and service will be perfected upon counsel of record following this the 26<sup>th</sup> of November, 2007.

/s/Jimmy Jacobs

JIMMY JACOBS (JAC051)  
Attorney for Plaintiff

**COUNSEL OF RECORD:**

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Montgomery, AL 36106

**PLAINTIFF'S LIST OF EXHIBITS SUBMITTED IN SUPPORT OF HER  
MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT AGAINST DEFENDANT  
MICHAEL J. HARDY**

Exhibit

- 1 Wood appointment letter dated October 22, 2002.
- 2 Notes of Investigative Findings by Debra Spann dated June 14, 2005.
- 3 Memorandum from Debra Spann, DYS Personnel Manager, to J. Walter Wood Jr., DYS Executive Director, dated July 19, 2005.
- 4 Excerpt from Statement of Phyllis Rankins to Alan Staton, Special Investigator, March 10, 2006.
- 5 Administrative Law Judge Order dated August 1, 2007.
- 6 Letter from J. Walter Wood to Michael Hardy dated November 4, 2005.
- 7 DYS Time & Attendance Report dated 6/25/05.
- 8 Memorandum from Tim Davis, Deputy Director to J. Walter Wood, Executive Director, November 3, 2005.
- 9 Letter from J. Walter Wood Jr. to Michael Hardy, January 6, 2006.



DON SIEGELMAN  
GOVERNOR

*State of Alabama*  
*Department of Youth Services*

Post Office Box 66  
Mt. Meigs, Alabama 36057

October 22, 2002



J. WALTER WOOD, JR.  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



Ms. Tera A. McMillian  
4110 Fitzpatrick Blvd Apt. 1003  
Montgomery, AL 36116

Dear Ms. McMillian:

This will confirm your appointment to a full-time, permanent Youth Services Aide position effective October 21, 2002, at a salary of \$793.30 biweekly. You have been assigned to the Mt. Meigs Complex in Montgomery, AL and will serve a six (6) month probationary period. You will receive your first check as a full time employee on November 15, 2002.

Your acceptance of this position is considered acknowledgment and agreement that your job here will be your primary employment and will take precedence over any other employment you may have while working with this department. You are expected to work any shift as scheduled.

I am pleased to appoint you to this full-time position. If I can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink that reads "J. Walter Wood, Jr." with a stylized flourish at the end.

J. Walter Wood, Jr.  
Executive Director

JWW/ldj

cc: Personnel File  
Mr. Booker  
Ms. Coles  
Mr. Ray

14-05: Sexual harassment.

PENGAD-Bayonne, N.J.

PLAINTIFF'S  
EXHIBIT

2

a McMillan -  
wants 1 ~ 1 ~ dorm -  
3 - Paige Hall -

Michael Hardy: sexual adv 2 yrs -

told her he wanted her & suck his dick while kids went to din.  
hall.

s/b finished when kids ~.

~ child & desk & grabbed her breasts -

asked her friend's much # & get her -

talked w/ her & website "blackp" (black pussy)

Hardy knew wh her house was → ~ talk & her career -  
he was ~ Christmas -- when she told him she lived - Spring Valley she was  
~ & tell him & get ~ & said he knew wh she lived; & & they hang & &  
phone & was - her driveway. pulled his T-shirt over his head -  
her friend was ~; they had drinks & talked.

put her ~ 12-8 shift → 3 ~ wanted /

Boer, ~, trans -  
Hardy told her / ~ take her 2 yrs & trans & his dorm → ~ reason  
Christie got & was because & was white.  
Hardy said he was in the clique -  
he had gotten out of everything because he could write.

Ingrid Williams: ~ interested - men -

590-7197

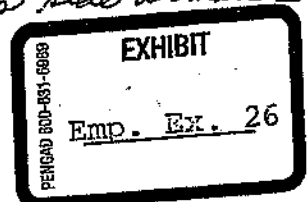
Dutch sex harass her until & fig / &,  
bought \$300 worth v mdae ~ him.

Chemical book is falsified; told her to make up stuff -  
left in Jan but kept book until March-April.

Dreta Johnson / Carl Gadsen

& said & would give her ~ monthly sal & she would ~ his side woman -  
mom heard him ask him & meet her & hotel -

I heard & tried ~ ~ Bernice  
Mary Howard (former empl),  
Moter



Eugene Smith got moved because ~ rumor & Mr. Hardy → nobody believed / & / was true.

6-22-0

Angie Williams

Oct. 2003

she would help her. car I she would c her.

Tera McMillian & Mike Hardy

at her house he took his shirt off. he fondled his nipples.

when Ms. W was a pole → Datch -

Datch: messy.

bought a \$300 sweater, purse.

1225 on tape.



6-23-07

Jeronica Harris

so much I would take her -

o really I v 2 Mr. H → I n were trying to date her.

think o 2 pretty well -

o I v gives her a response → hmmm -

on campus → has f while n → Meten was stu here -

998

McMillian called right when she left / said lady was afraid of her job / she just told her I tell truth -

PHONE CALL

FOR	Oebra Spann	DATE	6-23-07	TIME	8:19 P.M.
M	Targ M.				
OF					
PHONE/MOBILE	284-5559	FAX			
MESSAGE	Ms. Hall Mr. Webster blankets shorts "on nights"				
SIGNED	Yma Castleton	<input type="checkbox"/> TELEPHONED <input type="checkbox"/> RETURNED YOUR CALL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLEASE CALL <input type="checkbox"/> WILL CALL AGAIN <input type="checkbox"/> CAME TO SEE YOU <input type="checkbox"/> WANTS TO SEE YOU			

## Questions:

1. Did you ask Ms. McMillian's friend how much it would take to get her?  
If so, why?  
Why do you think they would have said you said this?
2. Did you go to Ms. McMillian's house around the Christmas holidays, talk, have drinks and pull up and/or remove your tee shirt? Why?  
Why do you think they would have said you did go?
3. Did you offer to give Ms. McMillian a monthly salary if she would be your ~~part~~ side woman?  
Why do you think they would have said you said this?
4. Did you talk to Ms. McMillian about the website "blackp"?  
What type of website is it? What does it mean?  
Why would you have talked to her about this?  
Why would someone have said you talked with her about this?
5. Did you/do you ask/coerce staff to purchase merchandise from you?  
What type of goods do you have? Where do you get them?  
What happens if they do not buy them?  
Why would people say they have to buy them or they have bought stuff from you?
6. Did you get behind Ms. McMillian when she was sitting at a desk and cup her breasts?
7. Did you ask Ms. McMillian to meet you at a hotel?
8. Have you ever asked Ms. McMillian to falsify the Chemical Book?
9. Did you ask Ms. McMillian to suck your dick?
10. Have you talked to Ms. M since this incident? Have you had anyone else talk to her for you since this incident?
11. What did you mean when you told Ms. M she couldn't transfer for 2 yrs?  
Why did you tell her the only reason Christie got to transfer was because he was who?  
What do you mean by the statement you are a member of the Mom clique?  
What do you mean by the statement you have gotten out of a lot of stuff because you could write good? Please give examples -  
Why did Mr. Eugene Smith transfer out of your dorm? Ms. M alleges you told her the rumor(s) were true -> what were the rumor(s)?  
It is alleged you harassed Ms. Mary Molen -- is this true?  
" " " " " Bernice Howard " " "  
Did ... m. m. to the 12-8 shift when 3 other men wanted the shift.

- Have you talked to Ms. McMillian since this incident? Have you had anyone else talk to her for you since this incident?
- Did you assign Ms. McMillian to the 12-8 a.m. shift when three other men wanted the shift. Was it because she had talked to Mr. Bolling about a transfer?
- What did you mean when you told Ms. McMillian she couldn't transfer for two (2) years? Why did you tell her the only reason Chriske got to transfer was because he was white?
- Why did Mr. Eugene Smith transfer out of your dorm? Ms. McMillian alleges you told her the rumor(s) were true; what were the rumors?
- It is alleged you have harassed other female staff on campus who are no longer with the department (i.e., Ms. Moten and/or Ms. Howard). Is there any truth to this?
- Did you/do you ask/coerce staff to purchase merchandise from you?  
What type of goods do you have? Where do you get them?  
What happens if they do not buy them?  
Why would people say they have to buy them or they have bought stuff from you?
- Have you ever asked Ms. McMillian to falsify the Chemical Book?
- What do you mean by the statement you are a member of the Mt. Meigs Clique?
- What do you mean by the statement you have gotten out of a lot of stuff because you could write good? Please give examples.
- Did you go to Ms. McMillian's house around the Christmas holidays, talk, have drinks and pull up and/or remove your tee shirt? Why?  
Why do you think they would have said you did go?
- Did you talk to Ms. McMillian about the website "blackp"?  
What type of website is it? What does it mean?  
Why would you have talked to her about this?  
Why would someone have said you talked with her about this?
- Did you ask Ms. McMillian's friend how much it would take to get her?  
If so, why?  
Why do you think they would have said you said this?
- Did you get behind Ms. McMillian when she was sitting at a desk and cup or fondle her breasts?
- Did you ask Ms. McMillian to meet you at a hotel?
- Did you offer to give Ms. McMillian a monthly salary if she would be your side woman?  
Why do you think they would have said you said this?
- Did you ask Ms. McMillian to suck your dick?

BOB RILEY  
GOVERNORState of Alabama  
Department of Youth ServicesPost Office Box 66  
Mt. Meigs, Alabama 36057

July 19, 2005

**COPY**J. WALTER WOOD, JR.  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

## MEMORANDUM

TO: J. Walter Wood, Jr.  
Executive Director

FROM: Debra L. Spann *DLS*  
Personnel Manager

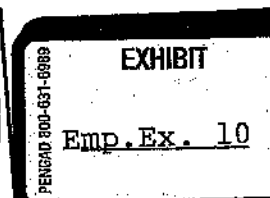
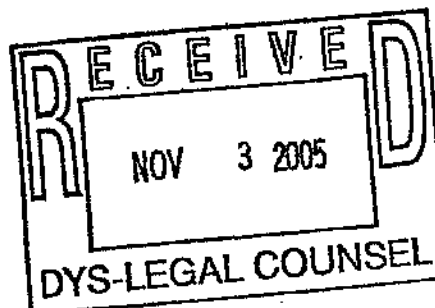
SUBJECT: Sexual Harassment Complaint  
Tera McMillian vs. Michael Hardy

I have investigated the above complaint. I find the complaint to be valid. Two (?) witnesses heard or were asked sexually inappropriate questions concerning Ms. McMillian by Mr. Hardy. In addition, from the information provided by Ms. McMillian, I definitely feel one or more of the incidents which were described to me occurred.

Mr. Hardy is making much of the fact he has not seen or been around Ms. McMillian except for a few minutes since February, 2005 - she has been on the 12-8 a.m. shift. Ms. McMillian states these incidents occurred over the past two (2) years. Mr. Hardy also is quite concerned that confidentiality has been breached and his good name and character have been compromised.

Mr. Hardy should be disciplined for his actions. All staff should be re-trained on sexual harassment. It is apparent to me thinking has not changed in this department. We cannot condone telling staff to do one thing and doing something else ourselves (it is my understanding Mr. Hardy went over sexual harassment at every staff meeting). I have contacted Maxine Wheeler to do Sexual Harassment Training for our staff as it did not sink in with State Personnel doing it.

DLS

**COPY**



DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH SERVICES

STATEMENT OF MS. PHYLLIS RANKINS

Youth Service Specialist

Statement date: March 10, 2006, 10:36 A.M.

INTERVIEW BY: MR. ALAN STATON, SPECIAL INVESTIGATOR

1 BY MR. STATON:

2 All right, it's March the 10th, 2006. It's 10:36

3 A M. I'm talking with Ms. Rankins.

1 4 Q. Ms. Rankins, would you state your whole name for  
5 me, please?

6 A. Phyllis L. Rankins.

2 7 Q. All right. Ms. Rankins, I want to ask you a  
8 couple of questions involving Hardy-McMillian case. I'm  
9 going to start off with when did Ms. McMillian come to see  
10 you?

11 A. I don't have the date with me but it was at the  
12 time when most of the staff, the administrators, had gone to  
13 Eufaula for the leadership training that the department was  
14 sponsoring.

3 15 Q. Okay.

16 A. And I may have been the only administrator in the  
17 building that day. Cause I think I heard later that Ms.  
18 McMillian had tried to see Ms. Lewis or Ms. Coles at the  
19 time. And when Ms. Coles wasn't in somebody -- and someone  
20 directed her to my office so she came in.

4 21 Q. When she came in, what did she tell you?

22 A. She was very -- seemed very distraught or very  
23 upset. And she came in and told me she wanted to talk to me  
24 about a real private matter. And I had her to come in and  
25 close the door. And so she began telling me, you know, how

1 she -- how much she loved her job and loved working in Paige  
2 Hall (phonetic). And she loved the people she worked with.  
3 But said -- She said that she was having some problems  
4 because of supervisor was trying to change her shift or  
5 something to that effect.

6 And after that she started telling me about him  
7 making passes or sexual propositions towards her and -- at  
8 various times. And at one point she got up and came around  
9 my desk and demonstrated to me how her supervisor had  
10 grabbed her breasts and, um -- as she was work -- doing some  
11 paperwork or something. And I soon realized that it was  
12 very serious and that it was a matter that we -- I needed to  
13 refer up to the personnel department. So, I, you know, told  
14 her as much. And eventually told her that I hope she  
15 realize, you know, the seriousness of her allegations and  
16 that, um, I would have to move her from Paige Hall. You  
17 know, even though she was saying, you know, she liked  
18 working where she was working.

19 But, um, I, um, did indicate to her that I had  
20 to -- I would have to move her out of that unit at least for  
21 now, you know, temporarily I would have to move her. And,  
22 um, she seemed real reluctant about that, you know. And  
23 questioned me about where would she be moved and I told her  
24 I would get back with her. And eventually I picked up the  
25 phone and called Ms. Spann who is our personnel manager and



**BEFORE THE STATE PERSONNEL BOARD  
IN THE MATTER OF**

**MICHAEL HARDY,**

**Employee, appellant,**

V.

**ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF  
YOUTH SERVICES,**

**Appellee.**

)  
)  
)  
)  
) **Case No.: 06-004-JJW**

000003

## RECOMMENDED ORDER TO THE STATE PERSONNEL BOARD

The undersigned conducted a hearing on May 8, 2006 and June 10, 2006 at the offices of the Alabama State Personnel Department in Montgomery, Alabama. Theron Stokes, Esq. and Monica Arrington, Esq. appeared as counsel on behalf of Michael Hardy (hereinafter "Hardy" or "the Employee"). T. Dudley Perry, Esq. appeared on behalf of the Department of Youth Services (hereinafter "DYS"). Following the hearing, the parties requested permission to file post-trial briefs. Briefs were filed on or about July 25, 2006. The parties also requested a transcript of the proceedings which was provided to the undersigned around April 10, 2007.

DYS introduced seven exhibits numbered 1-7. The Employee introduced 30 exhibits numbered 1-30.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Employee's Exhibit 14, which are the private personnel records of another employee, were excluded. Furthermore, the exhibits in this cause contain unredacted confidential and privacy protected information. Accordingly, **all exhibits in this case, both those submitted by**



DYS called as witnesses:

- (1) the Employee;
- (2) Tera McMillian, a DYS employee;
- (3) Birdie Montgomery, (by deposition), McMillian's mother;
- (4) Veronica Harris, a Youth Services Aide at DYS; and
- (5) Walter Wood, Director of DYS.

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The Employee called as witnesses:

- (1) Eugene Smith, a DYS Employee;
- (2) Rashin Farley a DYS Employee; and
- (3) Rogers Leon Dortch, a DYS Employee.

### **I. PROCEDURAL HISTORY AND CHARGES**

The Department of Youth Services employed Hardy beginning in 1987 as a Youth Services Child Care Worker. He became a Youth Services Counselor I in 1994. He remained in that position until his dismissal, which was effective on January 6, 2006. He received an "Exceeds Standards" performance appraisal rating every year, except for two wherein he received a "Meets Standards" rating.

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**the Employee and the Department, are placed UNDER SEAL** and may not be viewed by the public for any reason absent the appropriate court order. Also in the Employee's exhibits are the depositions of witnesses Debra Spann, Derrick Bolling, Vanessa Hall, Sylvesta Lee, Reginald Boswell and Elijah Hood, Jr.

Tera McMillian, one of Hardy's subordinates, filed a complaint alleging that Hardy sexually harassed her and later retaliated against her after she filed a complaint. DYS investigated this complaint. In a letter to Hardy, Director Wood advised:

Dear Mr. Hardy:

I have received a recommendation that disciplinary action be taken regarding your employment as a Youth Services Counselor I. The recommendation reveals the following alleged inappropriate conduct and work performance as the reason for the recommendation:

Violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board 670-X-19-.01(1g)- (disruptive conduct); and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board 670-X-19-.01(2e) (use of abusive or threatening language) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board 670-X-19-.01(2j)- serious violation of any other department rule); and/or violation of *DYS Policy* 3.13.2 - Prohibition of Sexual Harassment: Specifically, you were alleged to have made sexual advances and/or to have created a hostile working environment for a subordinate employee, Tera McMillian, who filed a harassment complaint against you. In response to Ms. McMillian's harassment complaint you are alleged to have attempted, among other things, to cause an investigation against her for having filed a complaint against you. ...<sup>2</sup>

DYS held the pre-disciplinary conference on or about November 15, 2005, giving the Employee an opportunity to present any relevant or mitigating circumstances regarding his proposed termination.

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<sup>2</sup> Employee Exhibit 11.

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On December 8, 2005, Marcia Calendar, Executive Assistant to Director Walter Wood wrote memorandum summarizing the matter:

#### ALLEGATIONS

An administrative Fact Finding Hearing was held on November 15, 2005, at the Central Office at Mt. Meigs for Michael Hardy. You requested the hearing to determine whether disciplinary action is warranted based upon the followed alleged inappropriate work conduct:

Violation of Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01(1g)-disruptive conduct) and or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01(2e)-use of abusive or threatening language) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (67-X-19-.01 2j) serious violation of any other department rule), and/or violation of DYS Policy 3.13.2 Prohibition of Sexual Harassment): Specifically, you were alleged to have made sexual advances and/or to have created a hostile working environment for a subordinate Tera McMillian, who filed a harassment complaint against you. In response to Ms. McMillian's harassment complaint you are alleged to have attempted to, among other things, to cause an investigation against her for having filed a complaint against you.

On June 14, 2005, Ms. Tera McMillian made a complaint of sexual harassment against Mr. Hardy. Mr. Hardy supervises Ms. McMillian. You assigned Ms. Spann to investigate the allegation. Ms. Spann concluded, based on corroborating evidence, as a matter of fact that the complaint was valid. Ms. Spann recommended disciplinary action. Attached hereto is a copy of Spann's finding and recommendation.

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**In addition, in response to Ms. McMillian's complaint against Mr. Hardy, Mr. Hardy sought to have Ms. McMillian [sic] investigated. Mr. Hardy filed with Ms. Spann a "grievance" against Ms. McMillian [sic] contrary to the grievance procedure. Moreover, the subject of the "grievance" was not an issue covered by the grievance procedure. Attached hereto is a copy of the "grievance" filed by Mr. Hardy against Ms. McMillian. ...<sup>3</sup>**

#### **FINDINGS:**

The following findings were determined based upon a review of the testimony, documents presented during the hearing, a review the employee's personnel file, and additional efforts to verify the testimony of the witnesses. All allegations against Mr. Hardy are found to be substantiated.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Upon a review of the evidence presented during the hearing and a review of Mr. Hardy's personnel file including past performance evaluations, the following recommendation is made:

Terminate Mr. Hardy's employment as a Youth Services Counselor I for the stated allegations which were found to be substantiated. This employee was the complaining party's supervisor. He was aware of the prohibitions against sexual harassment and was well aware of the anti-retaliation policy.

The employee denies that he sexually harassed Ms. McMillian as Ms. Spann concluded. He argues that Ms. McMillian was working a second job with a Hyundai supplier and that her second job shift began before her DYS shift ended. He argues that she had a motive to fabricate the allegation and thereby acquire more favorable working hours. Ms. Spann investigated his defense and found this not credible, based in part on Ms. McMillian's denial that she had a

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<sup>3</sup> Bold emphasis supplied.

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second job. I now have reason to doubt Ms. McMillian. Specifically, I was recently informed by Ms. Spann that she does have a second job, but stated that it began within the past two months – well after she made her sexual harassment complaint against Mr. Hardy. The existence of a possible motive for fabrication which has come to light since Ms. Spann's investigation thus creates a question whether Ms. Spann's conclusion was correct.

However, that doubt is insufficient to cause me to contradict Ms. Spann or to recommend disciplinary action less than termination. Mr. Hardy clearly attempted to retaliate against Ms. McMillian for filing the complaint against him. Mr. Hardy is, or should be, familiar with the grievance procedure which requires grievances to follow the chain of command, yet he filed this "grievance" with the personnel director. Moreover, the substance of this "grievance" was neither within the scope of the grievance procedure nor within the scope of the anti-discrimination complaint procedure—which requires complaints to be directed to the personnel director. Mr. Hardy is well aware how personally disturbing it is to be investigated by DYS. Witnesses confirmed that Mr. Hardy had discussed this with them prior to Mr. Hardy's retaliatory "grievance" against Ms. McMillian. I find that Mr. Hardy initiated the "grievance" to retaliate against Ms. McMillian. This Agency can no more tolerate retaliation than sexual harassment itself.

Following the pre-dismissal conference, DYS Director, Walter Wood advised Hardy of his termination effective January 6, 2006, in a letter dated the same.<sup>4</sup>

The letter explained that Hardy was being terminated for violation of the rules set forth above. Hardy timely appealed his termination to the Alabama State Personnel Board on January 12, 2006. The matter was originally set in March,

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<sup>4</sup> Employee Ex. 14.

2006, but continued at the request of the parties until May, 2006. The hearing did not conclude in May as scheduled and was reconvened at the request of the parties in June of 2006. Additionally, the parties requested an additional opportunity to submit briefs, transcripts and further evidence, as set forth above. Finally, some question existed as to whether a witness had recorded his testimony over a cell phone during the hearing and sent it to another witnesses. That issue was examined, as well.

## II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Having reviewed the documentary evidence and having heard the testimony presented at the hearing and having observed the witnesses' demeanor and assessed their credibility, the undersigned finds the weight of the evidence supports the following findings of fact.

### A. DYS Policy and State Personnel Board Rules

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#### (1) Grievances

Generally, the grievance procedure within DYS is employed when a subordinate employee has a complaint against a supervisor. In this event, the subordinate employee follows the chain of command and files the grievance with the person who supervises the employee he or she claims has been the source of the grievance action. In no event is the grievance filed with the Personnel

Director.

DYS Policy Number 3.13.1 states as follows:<sup>5</sup>

### I. POLICY

It is recognized that conflicts will develop between employee and employer. It shall be the policy of DYS to provide its employees an expeditious and systematic procedure for the resolution and alleviation of grievances as they might arise during the course of performing work-related activities. The grievance procedure is a method of settling disputes and break-downs in communication in a job-related situation. Suspensions and dismissals are not covered by this procedure.

...

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### III. PROCEDURES

Step A: Within five days of the event, **the aggrieved employee<sup>6</sup> should discuss the matter with his immediate supervisor.** If not resolved, the written documentation of the discussion must be maintained.

Step B: In the event that the employee is not satisfied with the decision of the supervisor, he may request the review by the departmental administrator in charge of his respective area. The request must be in writing and within 10 days of the decision of his supervisor. The matter should be heard within 10 days or as soon as practicable. A decision will be rendered in writing.

Step C: If the employee still feels that the decision rendered is not equitable, he may request a review by the Executive Director of DYS. This request must be in writing and filed within 10 days of receipt of the administrator's written decision. The director should reply in

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<sup>5</sup> Employee Exhibit 3.

<sup>6</sup> Emphasis supplied.



writing within 10 days of receipt of the request or as soon as practicable.

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Step D: The department considers the decision of the Executive Director as final. However, the State Personnel Board may elect to consider certain matters upon appeal to that body.

#### Institutions

Step A: The aggrieved employee should within five working days of the event discuss the matter with his immediate supervisor. Written documentation of the discussion must be maintained.

Step B: If in the opinion of the aggrieved employee satisfactory corrective measures have not been implemented, he should request a review of the grievance by the facility superintendent. This request must be in writing, accompanied by supportive documentation and made within ten working days of his supervisor's final decision. The superintendent should respond in writing within ten working days or as soon as practicable after receiving the request.

Step C: If still dissatisfied, the aggrieved employee may request a review of the grievance by the administrator of institutional services. This request must be in writing accompanied by supportive documentation and made within ten working days of the superintendent's written decision. The administrator should respond in writing within ten working days or as soon as practicable after receiving the request.

Step D: If the employee still feels that the decision rendered is not equitable, he may request a review by the Executive Director of DYS. This request must be in writing and filed within ten days of receipt of the administrator's written decision. The Director should reply in writing ten days of receipt of the request or as soon as practicable.



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**(2) Sexual Harassment**

DYS Policy 3.13.2<sup>7</sup> states in pertinent part as follows:

**I. POLICY**

Harassment on the basis of sex is a violation of Section 703 of Title VII. The Department of Youth Services will take any steps possible to prevent sexual harassment by its employees on its premises. If such harassment occurs the department will take immediate and appropriate corrective action. ...

**III. PROCEDURES**

Complaint should be made to the Departmental Personnel Manager. S/he will request that the Executive Director designate a non-biased investigator. Written records will be kept of the complaint and investigation. The complainant and accused will be interviewed. If no violation is found both parties are notified and complainant is advised that if dissatisfied with the decision they have additional internal and external appeal routes. If sexual harassment is suspected or probable cause of violating the sexual harassment policy is found, refer complaints to the Executive Director for a hearing before him or his designee. The two parties may resolve the problem in a written statement of agreement acceptable to both. Appropriate disciplinary or personnel action may be taken.

**(3) Retaliation and/or Disruptive Conduct**

State Personnel Board Rule 670-X-19-.01 General Work Rule provides:

(1) In addition to any special rules issued by the various appointing

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<sup>7</sup> Employee Exhibit 2.

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authorities for the guidance of their employees, the following standard general work rules shall apply to all classified employees:

(a) Violations that normally result in disciplinary actions of increasing severity: ...

7. Disruptive conduct of any sort.

(b) More serious violations that may result in suspension or discharge on the first offense, considering work record and length of service. ...

5. Use of abusive or threatening language. ...

10. Serious violation of any other department rule.

#### **B. The Basis for the Dismissal**

DYS initially employed Hardy beginning in July, 1987 as a Youth Services Child Care worker.<sup>8</sup> In 1994, DYS promoted Hardy to the position of Youth Services Counselor I.

DYS also employed a woman by the name of Tera McMillian (hereinafter "McMillian") at Mount Meigs for approximately 4 years at the time of this hearing in the ITU (Intensive Treatment Unit). Prior to that time, McMillian worked in two dormitories on the Mount Meigs Campus: Paige Hall and prior to that, Holloway Hall. While working at both Paige and Holloway Hall, Hardy

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<sup>8</sup> Hardy has been employed with the state for nearly 18 ½ years. After obtaining a BS degree Hardy testified that he took counseling courses from Troy State but did not complete the program. His first job with the state began in 1987 as a Mental Health Worker before coming to DYS as a Youth Services Child Care Worker to supervise students. He has also worked as a Youth Services Counselor.

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supervised McMillian either directly or indirectly, however, McMillian encountered very little contact with Hardy while in Holloway Hall. McMillian explained that from October of 2002, Hardy was her Unit Manager and she worked with him occasionally. At some point in time, the entire dormitory staff transferred from Holloway Hall to Paige Hall. Only two employees (Estes and Duchett) remained at Holloway Hall. No one told McMillian that she would be required to transfer to Paige Hall in May of 2003, however, she transferred with the rest of the group. Prior to this point, she had very little direct day-to-day contact with Hardy.

At the hearing, McMillian testified she first remembered being harassed by Hardy while working in Paige Hall. The first incident occurred when she went to speak to Hardy about processing some accreditation paperwork. At that time, according to McMillian, Hardy told her that there were potential perks to her job such as coming in late and leaving early. He also talked to McMillian about scripture, claiming he had the gift of prophecy. However, he confessed that he still had some "yokes." Then McMillian states that he began making sexual remarks, such as that he said he had a fantasy for her to "s\*\*\* his d\*\*\*" while the others were in the dining hall. McMillian stated Hardy held a gold necklace in his hand twirling while he talked. McMillian stated she refused Hardy's offer and

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left the room by telling Hardy she needed some air. After McMillian allegedly refused Hardy, she reported many other occasions wherein Hardy would say "Mac, I need to talk to you out on the porch." McMillian speculates that Hardy threatened to "write her up" later for an incident in retaliation for her refusal of Hardy's advances. However, no evidence suggests that Hardy actually ever disciplined McMillian.

After the first harassment incident, Hardy asked McMillian if she refused him because she was involved with another man. McMillian described a second incident when Hardy was on duty one night. McMillian stated that she sat at a desk when Hardy reached over to her and said "I want you."

On a third occasion, McMillian stated that she and Hardy were in the same building. She had just returned from lunch after stopping at Subway. She sat down at desk and began eating her sandwich. Hardy came out of his office, walked up to desk and grabbed her breast. Hardy said to McMillian "I just wanted to get a little feel before Smitty gets here because I like big t\*\*\*s." McMillian contends she told him not to do this.

Another time, McMillian testified that Hardy asked her how much her child support payments were and offered to pay them along with upkeep of her car and yard for the prospect of getting a key to her home. McMillian stated that Hardy

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would call her at home on her off days for just conversation. McMillian stated that during these phone calls, Hardy would ask her to go to a hotel with him to just have some drinks and talk. One time when Hardy called home phone number, McMillian was in the restroom. McMillian's mother answered the phone and gave it to her. Her mother sat at the kitchen table during this conversation. This is the conversation which included the "is it another man..." question. Her mother asked her who it was and she said it was her boss. Her mother overheard the entire conversation on McMillian's end.<sup>9</sup>

Veronica Harris (hereinafter "Harris") has worked with DYS since December of 2001. Harris presented herself as poised, well spoken and articulate. Although Harris has been childhood friends with McMillian for many years, she appeared very reluctant to have become involved in this matter and her testimony carried a great deal of credibility. Having worked in the dormitories at Mt. Meigs, Harris was very familiar with Hardy. Harris testified that she had one conversation with Hardy and during that conversation he asked her, "What would it take for Mac?" Harris understood Hardy to be talking about money. She did not believe that Hardy was talking about sex at that point, but instead she thought that Hardy was asking McMillian for some sort of favor. Harris only replied "I don't

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<sup>9</sup> Employee Exhibit 18; Deposition of Birdie Montgomery, pages 22-46.

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know.” They talked bit more while standing in front of Harris Hall. Harris testified that this conversation took place a couple of months before December 2004.

One of the most significant events, according to McMillian, occurred a few days after Christmas of 2004, when she returned home after shopping. That day, Hardy called her cell phone. He said that someone was not “respecting” McMillian at work. Harris and McMillian were returning to McMillian’s home to wrap presents. As McMillian talked to Hardy on the phone, McMillian and Harris went inside to “make drinks,” according to McMillian. A few minutes after McMillian hung up the phone, Hardy arrived. McMillian also testified that Hardy claimed that he had to bring her a check from work, however, McMillian stated her salary is generally paid by direct deposit.<sup>10</sup> Nevertheless, McMillian admitted to allowing Hardy to come to her home and offering him an alcoholic drink. Hardy specifically requested a specialty drink, a Long Island iced tea, which McMillian testified she had on hand and provided to Hardy. She stated this was the type of mixed drink which she purchased premixed from the liquor store. The

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<sup>10</sup> Hardy testified that he went to McMillian’s home to deliver an envelope that included a check because she called the dormitory and asked for someone to bring her a check. The shift ends at 4 o’clock and a staff member asked him to bring the check to her home. He does not normally do this for staff, however, he considered “Mac” a special friend and agreed to deliver the check to her.

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testimony demonstrated that a Long Island iced tea was the only alcoholic drink that Hardy enjoyed.

After McMillian gave Hardy the Long Island iced tea, Hardy and McMillian sat together in the living/den area to talk while Harris went to another room to giftwrap presents. McMillian admitted to also having "a couple of drinks" while she was with Hardy. Harris testified that Hardy remained at the house for at least an hour. Harris testified that she went to sleep for a portion of the time.

At some point in the conversation between Hardy and McMillian, McMillian claims that Hardy stated the temperature in the room was hot. Then, McMillian testified Hardy pulled up his shirt and asked McMillian to "lick his chest."<sup>11</sup> Harris happened to observe Hardy raise his shirt while in the other room, but did not hear the conversation. Harris did not state that McMillian asked her to come in the room at that point, nor did McMillian leave the room. However, Harris did stay in the house, but not in the living/den area, until after Hardy left.

Before the incident in December, 2004, McMillian worked 4 p.m. to 12 a.m. and occasionally worked the "second shift" from 2 p.m. to 12:00 a.m. After the December 2004 incident, around January 2005, Hardy changed McMillian's

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<sup>11</sup> McMillian testified she was aware that Hardy suffered from high blood pressure, however, she did not anticipate this event. She stated that she was not aware of what medications Hardy was taking.



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schedule to 12 a.m. to 8 a.m. (third shift). On this shift, McMillian almost never saw Hardy. The reason for this shift change was to supposedly to accommodate staffing requirements. Two males and one female are required to be on each shift. In January of 2005, the third shift had three males, thus the second shift would have to move one of its second shift females to the third shift. McMillian discussed the shift change with Hardy and because only two females were available, Hardy gave McMillian the choice of whether she or the other second shift female would be moved to the third shift. McMillian volunteered to move third shift instead of her colleague, Ingria Williams. McMillian knew that at that time, the third shift would present a conflict for Williams because she teaches school during the day and could not work until 8 a.m. Hardy and McMillian had little or no contact on a daily basis.<sup>12</sup>

McMillian testified that she did not apply for a transfer to a different dormitory in December because she did not want to "challenge" Hardy at that time. She did not seem appeased by the fact that she was given a shift change in

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<sup>12</sup> McMillian testified that the 4 p.m. to 12 a.m. shift in January included Miles, Williams, Wilson, Farley, Dorthch, Cullam and Moore. There were at least 4 or 5 people on the shift at the time, yet it only takes three. The 12 a.m. to 8 a.m. shift was made up of only three employees—Harvis, Ellis, and Howard. When one person on the night shift left, adjustments had to be made. Three people wanted the night shift. Miles, Wilson and Farley all wanted the night shift because they had discussed it with everyone when Bernice Howard reported that she was leaving.



January where she had almost no contact with Hardy after that point.

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McMillian contends that in March or April of 2005, Hardy made a sexually harassing statement to her when she took a book back to him and he said that they could go to a hotel to have some drinks.

McMillian and Hardy's final contact occurred sometime in May.

McMillian asked to meet Hardy for the purpose of discussing a transfer to another shift. She told Hardy that she had another job and needed a shift change. He told her that a shift change could take some time to work out. McMillian contends that Hardy never referred her to anyone else that she could talk to about a transfer to another shift. McMillian admits that she did not really have a second job at that time but stated that she may have told Hardy this as an excuse simply to attempt to be removed from under his supervision to another shift. She stated that she wanted to leave in good standing without angering Hardy.

She contends that later in June, she simply had enough and wanted to be out of Hardy's dorm so she went to talk to an EEOC counselor in June, 2005.<sup>13</sup>

However, McMillian also admitted that she knew that Hardy's son had been ill and that Hardy had been away from DYS for most of May through September of 2005. Nevertheless, at the time McMillian reported the alleged harassment, she

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<sup>13</sup> Employee Ex. 13.

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also told Phyllis Rankins about the alleged harassment and requested to be transferred to another area of the campus. When Rankins asked why McMillian was requesting the transfer, McMillian first said that she simply needed a "change of pace." Later, McMillian told another employee, Debra Spann (hereinafter "Spann"), her motive for the transfer was to avoid Hardy. McMillian offered little to explain her conflicting reasons as to why she waited so long to report the alleged harassment. When counsel inquired why McMillian waited so long after the alleged sexual advances began or the December incident to report the harassment, McMillian replied that she did not want any backlash. McMillian alleged that Hardy always said that his power base was "on the hill," (meaning the Mt. Meigs campus) and she believed him. McMillian filed a complaint with the EEOC on or about July 12, 2005 which was not received by DYS legal counsel until July 25, 2005.<sup>14</sup>

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<sup>14</sup> Department Exhibit-1. The Complaint states as follows:

1. My name is Tera McMillian and I am employed by the Respondent at its Mount Meigs campus. I was first hired by the Respondent in October 2002 and since that time I have always performed my duties and responsibilities in a satisfactory manner. Since May of 2003, I have been subjected to a sexually hostile work environment by my supervisory and my co-workers.
2. Beginning in May of 2003, I have persistently been propositioned for sex and sexual favors by my immediate supervisor Michael J. Hardy. On an almost daily basis, Hardy has requested that I "s\*\*\* his d\*\*\*" He has offered me money and other material objects if I would perform this act of oral sex on him. Furthermore, Hardy has almost on a daily basis talked about his sexual prowess with other female workers at the Respondent's Mount Meigs campus. For example, Hardy has stated to me that he can not "f\*\*\* all night like he used to" and that he can "only f\*\*\* real hard for 5 or 6 minutes" at this time in his life. Also, Hardy grabbed both my breasts while I

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After she reported the matter, DYS immediately reassigned McMillian to ITU where she was no longer under Hardy's supervision. When McMillian was initially hired with DYS, she admitted that she may have had sexual harassment training. She also admitted that she may have had other sexual harassment training while at DYS, although she did not readily recall the training.

Prior to working with DYS, McMillian worked with Call Points as a Senior Teleconferencing Operator. McMillian admitted that she had been terminated from that position. She also admitted that after being terminated, she and other employees instituted a lawsuit against Call Points wherein she alleged, *inter alia*, that she was the victim of race discrimination.<sup>15</sup> That lawsuit later settled out of

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sat a desk [sic] in the facility. All of this behavior was uninvited and unwelcome and I asked Hardy to stop harassing me, but he did not. Hardy also stated that he loved big "t\*\*\*\*\*" and requested that [sic] be allowed to suckle my breast in the office. Again, I declined his invitation. Hardy also spoke regularly of his abilities with regard to oral sex and asked me to allow him to try such with me. As before I declined his invitation and requested that he leave me alone.

3. During this time of almost constant harassment, I began seeing a doctor for anxiety and depression regarding these issues. My treating position [sic] placed me on medication and referred me to a therapist to help me deal with these issues.

4. In March of 2005, Hardy began asking for me to go to hotels with him for sex and offered to buy me a car, tires and other goods in exchange for my compliance. I did not go along with his request. Hardy's harassment of me continued until I reported him on June 16, 2005. After I reported Hardy, I was made to transfer to another Department within the Mount Meigs facility. Since arriving in the new department, I have been subject to retaliation in the form of personnel not willing to help me learn the new position and I have been threatened with being disciplined for no reason.

<sup>15</sup> Employee's Ex. 30. (a copy of a docket sheet from the Federal court.)

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court.

McMillian admitted she did not report most of the events she alleged against Hardy at the time they occurred. Specifically, when Hardy touched her breasts, she did not report it, although she knew she could. Likewise, when Hardy called her at home, she did not report those incidents right away. Although, at the hearing, McMillian contended that Hardy asked her for a sexual relationship daily, beginning around May 2003 until she transferred to the 12 a.m. to 8 a.m. shift (which would have been in January 2005). She waited to contact a lawyer until July 12. To the contrary, on cross examination, McMillian appeared surprised when asked why she told the EEOC that she was *not* harassed on a daily basis from January 2005 until July 2005. McMillian attempted to avoid this question by trying to ask another question.<sup>16</sup>

McMillian testified that her evaluations from Hardy were average or above average. The only other witnesses to the alleged harassment by Hardy were Harris and her mother. Despite any training she may have received at DYS, and the knowledge she may have acquired in any previous litigation experience,

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<sup>16</sup> Employee's Ex. 28. McMillian stated that she did not prepare this EEOC document but she gave the information to a legal secretary. McMillian testified that she signed the EEOC statement under the penalty of perjury that the information she provided was correct and that she was not providing misleading information. She stated that from January through May, Hardy was not abusing her as he had before.

McMillian testified that she did not decide to file a complaint until after she saw a <sup>000024</sup> show on Oprah one day.

On July 14, 2005, Michael Hardy in turn filed a grievance against his former subordinate, Tera McMillian, on the basis that she had made unsubstantiated derogatory statements referencing him.<sup>17</sup> The "grievance": stated as follows:

Please consider this memo pursuant to DYS policy 3.13.1 i.e. filing of a grievance. Ms. Tera McMillian, a former Paige Hall Staff, has continued to make unsubstantiated [sic] derogatory statement [sic] referencing the writer. Additionally, she has encouraged past and present employees (Some of which have been disciplined by the writer) to interfere with an ongoing investigation and file false claims. Due to the fact that this investigation is ongoing, I am filing this claim with your office for assignment to proper authority.

MJH/dm

cc: J. Walter Wood  
Tim Davis  
G. Wayne Booker  
Janice Coles

Attached to this document were several pages of allegations Hardy made against McMillian. Hardy filed this alleged grievance, not in accordance with the grievance procedure, but rather, with Debra Spann, the Personnel Manager, who had handled portions of McMillian's harassment complaint and transfer. Spann, did not investigate or handle grievance matters. He also copied persons who were

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<sup>17</sup> Employee Exhibit 7.

not within the appropriate chain of command according to the grievance 000025  
procedure. His actions could have been perceived as purely responsive to  
McMillian, rather than following any policy or procedure of DYS.

Wood testified that it is not appropriate under any circumstances, much less  
for a supervisor, to file a grievance against a subordinate in a sexual harassment  
investigation. Even if the circumstance was grievable, it should have followed the  
chain of command, not given to Spann. Sexual harassment is not a grievable issue  
when the grievant is the alleged sexual harasser. There is not a policy or  
procedure wherein the harasser can turn the tables and have the victim  
investigated. The grievance, had it been a legitimate offense, would go to a  
specialist in the unit (such as the unit manager), to the facility administrator and  
then to the director. Spann is not in the chain of command, she is the Personnel  
Manager for DYS. When the matter arose, Wood discussed the matter with Tim  
Davis. Wood then acted upon several pieces of information that came to him. The  
grievance procedure was being discussed on campus and Wood became concerned  
that Hardy's actions were retaliatory, even though McMillian was no longer under  
Hardy's supervision. Wood then contacted the State Personnel Department to ask  
for assistance in conducting training specifically addressing these issues as to  
instruct all employees, including McMillian and Hardy, regarding appropriate



behavior and appropriate mechanisms to handle these types of situations. The Personnel Department brought in someone from the Attorney General's Office to assist with instruction.

Director Wood also testified that Debra Spann investigated the sexual harassment complaint made by McMillian.<sup>18</sup> Spann's investigation found as follows:

I have investigated the above complaint. I find the complaint to be valid. Two (2) witnesses heard or were asked sexually inappropriate questions concerning Ms. McMillian by Mr. Hardy. In addition, from the information provided by Ms. McMillian, I definitely feel one or more of the incidents which were described to me occurred.

Mr. Hardy is making much of the fact that he has not seen or been around Ms. McMillian except for a few minutes since February, 2005 - she has been on the 12p.m.-8a.m. shift. Ms. McMillian states these incidents occurred over the past two (2) years. Mr. Hardy also is quite concerned that confidentiality has been breached and his good name and character have been compromised.

Mr. Hardy should be disciplined for his actions. All staff should be retrained on sexual harassment. It is apparent to me thinking has not changed in this department. We cannot condone telling staff to do one thing and doing something else ourselves (it is my understanding Mr. Hardy went over sexual harassment at every staff meeting). I have contacted Maxine Wheeler to do Sexual Harassment Training for our staff as it did not sink in with State Personnel doing it.

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<sup>18</sup> Employee Exhibit 10.

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Hardy presented the testimony of three witnesses. The first witness was a friend and former co-worker, Eugene Smith (hereinafter "Smith"). Smith has been employed with DYS for ten and a half years. Smith became a Shift Supervisor about six years ago. Smith usually supervises the 4 p.m. to 12 a.m. shift. Smith testified that Hardy was the manager of Paige Hall at the time. Smith has worked with McMillian on the 2 p.m. to 10 p.m. shift, as well as the 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. shift and the 4 p.m. to 12 a.m. shift. If staff has a problem, Smith was usually the first person they could talk to. He talked to all the staff at Holloway Hall or Paige Hall. Smith testified that McMillian never complained that Hardy made any sexual advances toward her. She got mad at him when he told her to fill out the log book, but otherwise she seemed happy. She never said anything about Hardy groping her. The modular area where she and other employees worked is a wide open space and voices carry. Smith also testified that McMillian was trained and told about the DYS Sexual Harassment policy every year. Smith admitted that he and McMillian did not necessarily have a cordial relationship after she sold him a truck but he refused to pay her the price she demanded. Following the sale, their relationship soured and turned "nasty." Smith, who appeared to be colleagues

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<sup>19</sup> Employee Ex. 10.



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and friends with Hardy, described McMillian in such a crude and derogatory manner, that his perceptions lost credibility.<sup>20</sup> Smith has worked with Hardy for many years and had talked with him prior to coming to the hearing.

At the time of the hearing Rashin Farley (hereinafter "Farley") had been employed with DYS for about three years. He was originally assigned to Holloway Hall at Mt. Meigs and then to Paige Hall. Hardy was his supervisor. When Hardy moved, Farley moved with him. He moved only one time. When he was working with him, he was working on the evening shift 4 p.m. to 12 a.m. Farley worked with McMillian at times. Farley never recalled any instance in which Hardy made a request to McMillian of a sexual nature. Likewise, Farley testified that he did not perceive McMillian as being sexually aggressive with him or anyone else that he knew. Finally, Hardy called Rogers Leon Dortch (hereinafter "Dortch"). Dortch has been employed with DYS for 13 years. Prior to his DYS employment, he served in the United States Army for twenty years and retired as a SGT 1<sup>st</sup> Class. Dortch, at the time of the hearing, was a Shift Supervisor. The unit manager has the power to change the off-days of employees.

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<sup>20</sup> Smith described some sexual contact which allegedly occurred between himself and McMillian. Smith stated that he did not complain about it, nor did he "brag" about it. He also stated that he did not complain or feel harassed. He also did not object when she asked him to take her to an adult "toy store" and purchase specific "lifelike" items which he described in detail. Smith then went on to say how he was a Christian and went to church. Then Smith looked at the undersigned as if these two contradictory actions bolstered his credibility. True

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Unit managers have the ability to change or call an employee and ask them to cover a shift. When he first came to DYS, he was assigned to Paige Hall and Hardy was his supervisor. Dortch worked with McMillian for a little over two years. He testified that their shifts overlapped. Specifically, he arrived 2 hours before she would and left 2 hours before her. Dortch testified that McMillian had poor work habits. Dortch also testified that McMillian volunteered to change shifts in January. Dortch also confirmed that McMillian would have been well aware of the sexual harassment policy and that staff is well trained every year.

#### **C. The Employee's Personnel File**

A review of the Employee's personnel file reflects overall ratings throughout his career in the "Exceeds Standards" category with overall scores averaging around 28. There were two exceptions wherein the Employee received a "Meets Standards" rating.

### **III. ISSUE**

Did DYS produce sufficient evidence to warrant dismissal of the Employee for violations of DYS's grievance procedure, retaliatory or disruptive type conduct, prohibition of DYS sexual harassment policy and/or State Personnel Board Rules regarding the use of abusive or threatening language?

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#### IV. DISCUSSION

The purpose of the Administrative Appeal is to determine if the termination of the Employee is warranted and supported by the evidence. *Kucera v. Ballard*, 485 So. 2d 345 (Ala. Civ. App. 1986); *Thompson v. Alabama Dept. of Mental Health*, 477 So. 2d 427 (Ala. Civ. App. 1985); *Roberson v. Personnel Bd. of the State of Alabama*, 390 So. 2d 658 (Ala. Civ. App. 1980). In determining whether employee's dismissal is warranted, the departmental agency bears the burden of proving the charges warrant termination by a "preponderance of the evidence." The law is well settled that a "preponderance of the evidence" standard requires a showing of a *probability* that the Employee is guilty of the acts as charged. Thus, there must be more than a mere possibility or one possibility among others that the facts support the disciplinary action at issue, the evidence must establish that *more probably than not*, the Employee performed, or failed to properly perform, as charged. See *Metropolitan Stevedore Co. v. Rambo*, 521 U.S. 121, 117 S. Ct. 1953, 138 L. Ed. 2d 327 (1997), holding that a "significant possibility" falls far short of the APA's preponderance of the evidence standard; See also *Wright v. State of Tex.*, 533 F.2d 185 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1976)<sup>21</sup>

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<sup>21</sup>*Bonner v. City of Pritchard*, 661 F.2d 1206, 1209 (11th Cir.1981) the Eleventh Circuit adopted as binding precedent all Fifth Circuit decisions handed down prior to the close of business on September 30, 1981.

**Violations of DYS Sexual Harassment Policy**

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Based upon the evidence presented, the undersigned was convinced that Hardy had more than a work-related relationship with McMillian and violated the DYS sexual harassment policy. The testimony of Harris also convinced the undersigned that Hardy made comments to McMillian which were inappropriate for the workplace. However, the undersigned was NOT convinced that McMillian was the victim of sexual harassment. While Hardy's conduct as a supervisor was subject to disciplinary action, the undersigned does not believe that Hardy's advances were unwelcome. McMillian's testimony was exaggerated and lacked complete credibility and candor. Clearly, McMillian possessed a host of other personal motivations for her testimony. While McMillian and Hardy had some sort of relationship for some period of time, any relationship between the two involved McMillian's complicity. Nevertheless, that does not excuse Hardy for engaging in what he should have known could have been misconstrued as an inappropriate verbal exchange with a subordinate. Therefore, the undersigned does find that Hardy's verbal conduct supports termination.

Regardless of Hardy's relationship with McMillian, his most egregious offense however, is the manner in which he handled the investigation of

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McMillian's EEOC and sexual harassment complaint, as hereinafter discussed.

### **Violations of the Grievance Procedure and Disruptive Conduct**

Despite the fact that McMillian's credibility has questionable merit, equally or more serious than the sexual harassment charge is the disruptive conduct, potential retaliation, and Hardy's violation of the grievance procedure. Employees must be allowed the freedom to have civil rights actions investigated, even if questionable, without the fear of retaliation. If McMillian's allegations proved to be meritless, the inquiry ends there.

In the present action, Hardy admitted he provided training on the sexual harassment policy on numerous occasions. He also admitted to instructing his employees on the proper procedure to follow when filing claims. McMillian followed the procedures as she had been trained to do.

Flying in the face of this policy, Hardy also admitted to filing a "grievance" against her for following the very procedure he trained her to follow. As a supervisor, he knew better than to conduct himself in such a harassing fashion. He knew he was not following policy, nor was he following the chain of command as proscribed in DYS Grievance Procedure 3.13.1. Since McMillian had filed a claim with the Personnel Manager, Debra Spann, Hardy in turn filed his "grievance" with Debra Spann. This type of threatening behavior, in and of itself, merited

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dismissal and was uncharacteristic of a supervisor with his training, background and experience. Such conduct is clearly disruptive and in violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board 670-X-19-.01(1g)- (disruptive conduct), the Rules of the State Personnel Board 670-X-19-.01(2e)- (use of abusive or threatening language) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board 670-X-19-.01(2j)-(serious violation of any other Department Rule). Further, such conduct could also be potentially perceived as retaliatory. This one violation alone, was sufficient to warrant Hardy's dismissal.

Since the above-referenced rules are sufficient to warrant dismissal in this cause, the issue of whether the conduct actually reaches the level of retaliation is moot and shall not be addressed in this forum.

Accordingly, the undersigned finds the totality of the evidence warrants dismissal in this cause. Therefore, the undersigned recommends to the State Personnel Board that the dismissal be UPHELD

Done, this the 1<sup>st</sup> day of August, 2007.



JULIA JORDAN WELLER  
Administrative Law Judge  
State of Alabama Personnel Department  
64 North Union Street  
Montgomery, Alabama 36130  
(334) 242-3451  
(334) 353-4481

VIA FACSIMILE AND UNITED STATES MAIL

000034

Dudley Perry, Esq.  
Alabama Department of Youth Services  
P. O. Box 66  
Mt. Meigs, AL 36057  
FAX: 215-3872

Theron Stokes, Esq.  
Monica Arrington, Esq.  
Alabama Education Association  
P. O. Box 4177  
Montgomery, AL 36103-4177  
FAX: 262-8377



STATE OF ALABAMA

DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH SERVICES

POST OFFICE BOX 66  
MT. MEIGS, ALABAMA 36057  
November 4, 2005

BOB RILEY  
GOVERNOR



J. WALTER WOOD, JR.  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Michael Hardy  
2900 Marti Lane  
Montgomery, AL 36116

Dear Mr. Hardy:

I have received a recommendation that disciplinary action be taken regarding your employment as a Youth Services Counselor I. The recommendation reveals the following alleged inappropriate conduct and work performance as the reason for the recommendation:

Violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01 (1g) - disruptive conduct) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01 (2 e) - use of abusive or threatening language) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01 (2 j) - serious violation of any other department rule), and/or violation of DYS Policy (3.13.2 - Prohibition of Sexual Harassment): Specifically, you were alleged to have made sexual advances and/or to have created a hostile working environment for a subordinate employee, Tera McMillian, who filed a harassment complaint against you. In response to Ms. McMillian's harassment complaint you are alleged to have attempted, among other things, to cause an investigation against her for her having filed a complaint against you.

Based on the investigation of the complaint against you, the recommendation I have received, a review of your personnel file and a review of your past work history, it is my judgment that a hearing be held to determine whether disciplinary action is warranted.

A hearing will be conducted on Thursday, November 10, 2005, at 10:00 a.m., in the Conference Room at the Central Office on the Mt. Meigs Campus in Montgomery. The hearing will be conducted by either myself or my designee. At the hearing, you may present verbal and written information, produce witnesses and be represented by counsel if you choose. I will review the information presented and notify you of my decision regarding any possible disciplinary action. I consider your attendance to be mandatory, but if you do not attend, I will be forced to make my decision based on the information available to me.

Because this matter involves allegations of violation of the sexual harassment policy and anti-retaliation provisions of the law, I instruct you not to discuss this matter with the complaining party or any DYS Staff, nor to take any action which could in any way affect Ms. McMillian.

Sincerely,

J. Walter Wood, Jr.  
Executive Director

JWW/dls

c: Mr. Tim Davis  
Mr. Wayne Booker  
Ms. Janice Coles  
Mr. T. Dudley Perry, Jr.

mjl 11/15/05

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INTENSIVE TREATMENT UNIT (ITU)

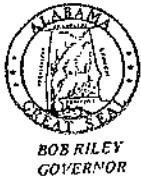
Name	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Date:	Signature
				In	Out	Leave Hrs Taken	Leave Code	Total Hrs Worked	
Alexander, Johnson									
Bolling, Derrick									
Bosworth, Gayle (CM)									
Chriske, Donald									
Griner, Syreeta									
Hall, Vanessa			6:00	1:00		1 hr		7 hrs	N. Hall
Hammonds, Jacob			7:00	6:00				1.5	J. Hammonds
Hood, Elijah			7 AM	3:00 pm				8.0	E. Hood
Hughes, Jason						8	M		
Johnson, Martha			12:30 pm	10:00 pm				9.30	M. Johnson
Jones, Sammie L.			10 AM	2 pm				8	M. Jones
McCall, James									
Washington, Vincent			2	10				8	Washy
Webster, Greg									
Whitted, Felicia			3 pm	3 pm		2	A	1.6	F. Whitted
McMillan, Tera			10	6				8	T. McMillan

1. Place in the Business Office box daily.
2. Please submit appropriate Leave Slip with this sign-in sheet.
3. It is the responsibility of the Unit Manager to make sure that the leave slip/authorization to work overtime form accompanies this sign-in sheet.

Leave Codes:

A - Annual S - Sick C - Comp H - Holiday  
J - Jury M - Military P - Personal

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State of Alabama  
**DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH SERVICES**  
Post Office Box 66  
Mt. Meigs, Alabama 36057



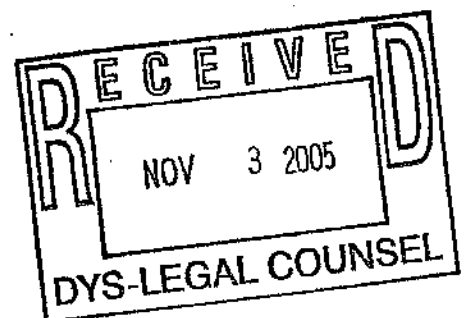
# Memo

To: J. Walter Wood, Jr., Executive Director  
From: Tim Davis, Deputy Director *TD*  
Date: November 3, 2005  
Re: Michael Hardy

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On or about June 14, 2005, Tera McMillian filed a complaint against her supervisor Michael Hardy alleging sexual harassment. Ms. Spann, pursuant to your instructions, investigated the complaint and reported her findings to the legal department on October 17, 2005. Ms. Spann found the complaint valid, based on corroboration by two witnesses. Ms. Spann concluded that Mr. Hardy should be disciplined for his actions.

I have conferred with Dudley Perry and he also recommended strong disciplinary action. Based on Ms. Spann's investigation and the advise of counsel, it is therefore my recommendation that Mr. Hardy's employment with the department be terminated.



000339



State of Alabama  
Department of Youth Services

Post Office Box 66  
Mt. Meigs, Alabama 36057

January 6, 2006



J. WALTER WOOD, JR.  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Michael Hardy  
2900 Marti Lane  
Montgomery, AL 36116

Dear Mr. Hardy:

As you are aware, an administrative fact finding hearing was held on November 10, 2005, to determine what disciplinary action should be taken concerning your Youth Services Counselor I position with this department.

Based on the testimony and documents presented during the hearing, there was evidence to support that there was a violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01 (1g) - disruptive conduct) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01 (2 e) - use of abusive or threatening language) and/or violation of the Rules of the State Personnel Board (670-X-19-.01 (2 j) - serious violation of any other department rule) and/or violation of DYS Policy (3.13.2 - Prohibition of Sexual Harassment).

Based on the evidence and a review of your personnel file, I hereby order your dismissal from the Department of Youth Services effective at the close of business January 6, 2006. You will receive your last regular pay check on January 20, 2006. You will be paid for any unused annual, holiday, compensatory or personal leave you may have on February 3, 2006.

Your state employees' medical insurance will end on January 31, 2006. If you wish to purchase health insurance coverage you may contact the State Employees Insurance Board at 1-800-513-1384.

You may request a refund of your retirement contributions by completing a Form 7, Notice of Final Deposit and Request for Refund. The form may be obtained from the Human Resources Section. If you wish, you may leave your contributions on deposit for up to five years.

The Rules of the State Personnel Board state that you may, within ten (10) days after notification of dismissal, request a hearing by the State Personnel Board. The request should include a written answer to the charges. This request should be addressed to Ms. Jackie Graham, Personnel Director, State Personnel Department, 64 North Union Street, Montgomery, AL 36130. Please send a copy of the request to the Department of Youth Services.

Sincerely,

J. Walter Wood, Jr.  
Executive Director

JWW/dls

c: State Personnel Department  
Mr. Davis  
Mr. Booker  
Ms. Coles

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